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Last part of Part one or beginning of Part two

Hull August 29th 1824

I took pasage in the brig, Capt Skarbrough, for Hamburg in germiney on the continent to try my fortune thair. I arived on the glorious day caled the forth of julye which everay troue citison of Coumbis hapy land shood bair in mind and rember on that she shook off the yoke of a tirinikall goverment and freaid hurself of maney imbarisments that is imposed on hur mother cuntrey. When I contmplate on the imposition the subjecks of this old cuntrey labors under I have the gratiful hart to astoll that land cold (called) america and hur free suns that reside thair and who know not the want of libertey.

Hamburg is a large town that contains one hundred thousen of inhabitentes suitated 70 miles up the river Elbe and has had more privileges thanany other town in germney. There are vesles from all partes of the world to be found thair. The duties is very low to be payed on merttiendise one and half per sent is all. The amusementes at difrentspplaces in this town is greate.

After staying thair at Hamburg one weak I opned my excerbition in the Simon Manton Hotell the residens of the ajdent (adjacent) in millen St. My rent per muntth was 200 dollars I stopd thair two munttes. Not don much. From thare I left this town on the leventh of September for Lipsick 200 mildes in the cuntrey one of the largest fairs in the world. On my road I past through Luning Burg this town belonges to the King of ingland, and is governd by the Kinges Brother Duke of Cambridg. From this through Brunswick owned by a Lord, fromthens to Halben start in Prushies, from thens to Lipsick the famos plais of my distination. In pasing all the above mention towns I was oblige to onlode my goods and have them over hold and pay dutis for the same and then alowed to pas after shooing our pasportew. I arived at Lipsich on the 16th of September. Stthpt thair tell 26 and in this time had a booth built for to excibit in the fair held

3 weekes in this time. My reseates were #1500 and on sunday in the afternoon I put my indian on the watter at the Funking Burg for the last time in this town whare I took \$600 in. The Crowds of spectators ware great and mutch pleased to behold a native from the artick regions display his boat with sutch admirable dexteritey and ~~klll~~his game so well as he did.

Lipsick is a town noted for this fair. Goodes off all sortes to be sold hear, people from Asia ant Turkey Rushieay Poland and most all partes of the world. The Turkes off all men are the worst looking. The greakes are fine looking men. The Poland jues are hegeous looking with thair long beardes which comes down to thair wasbons (waistbains) of thair trouses. Thair dreses is allso singler looking. The Turkes and Jues and Greakes dress nerleay alike. Those people come to this town with cartes laden with gold to purchious goodes at this fair. Som of them com som thousens of mildes. Lipsick containes about sixtey thousen of Inhabitentes except in the fair or Meson as they call it, then thare is about one hundred and fiftey thousen. This town is governed by the poleas. and belongs to the King of Saxeney

Belonges to the King of Saxenene, This town is allso noted for the great battle that was fot by the frentch under the comand of Boney when he had all the allied pours against him in the year of 1811-1815 thain Boney lost his battle and returned home to frans. He was so closley persued that he was oblige to retreat through a small artchway with his hors. I have oftimes bin through the same plais. The enemy was firing at him within an hundred yards at the same time ? Leaped his hors in the stream in order to make his escape with Boney, but the hors broke his lagur and he was drownd he leaped of a bank that was 15 feet high. After that Boney crost the brig. He suposed his army over before him gone and he blew up the brige and l lost about 100,000 of his army. The seage lasted 7 days without aney seeation. I have counted 2000 balls in one hour that stans thare now. The town was mutch shatred to peases during the seage. This town is walled in by stone and ditches. The ditches that sorounnes the town is about 60 feet deap the walls hanpendecklen so no wone canget up them and at the bottom of this ditch is most pleasent gardins, frute of all sorts in abundantes piticklen grapes. The coliges in this town is most butifull. Thare are about 1500 students in it. It is suposed to be one of the first places for learning in the world. Thare are maney proffers resides in this town of the first respectibility. Thare are allso many privileges too numorous to mention. The walk on ramparts round the town through the sunshine most butifull, allso foot paths and carages way shaded from the sun onwindes the paths are set in rite angles in and out turning innall directions. For maney mildes round this country the land is so levell that with your ies you may look tis like looking to sea in a calm day it goes off so reglur. Vegitable of all sortes in abundant fealdes of weates occupyng maney akers and other productions

WOS Hadlock

of vegetable. Round this countrey the prospeck is mutch better than in
 Ingländ living is not half so dear as in Ingländ or Ireland. Live is
 not so plentey as in Padis land thain thay dont want for meat if
 nothing els thay nock down a fine fat shining cow and then that will
 suplye a hole familey for sometime. I left this town for Berlin in
 Pruchiea pat through severill small towns. In going to this town distans
 88 mildes. This is the capitall of Pruchieay and the residena of king
 Fredrick William. The publick buildins in this town equills any that
 I ever saw. The capitall covers fore akers of land and is most magnifnys
 work in it. The young princ resides in it. The house where the king
 lives is a small old fashion building oposit of this is a large gard
 hous whare the solgers reside. Thare are about twelve more capitall
 buildings in this cittey, some older then methuslem, built in the
 old stile with more gothik work which gives them a singlar apperans to
 the buildings at this day. This sittey is walled in with the walles about
 40 feete in width at everey entrans a grand solgers. On the top of the
 entranses fling (flying) horses cast in bras also statutes of men cast
 in ston on bras. These figures stanes 12 feete in hith some of these
 figures was taken by boney and carid to Frans and after the defeat of
 boney thay ware broat back to thair respiticle places with mutch expens,
 where thay are now to be sean by those that visit that sittey. The cittey
 is finley layed out. The streates are broad but dirtey. The streates are
 paved with round stone so that it si hard travilling over them. If too
 often it will cou (caus) your feat to be sore. Crost the small bridge that
 leades to the prominaid is most magnificent. The keay block or finishing
 stone is verey large and polished so that you can see your fais as wall
 allmost as in a looking glays. The work betwen the stones are figures of
 bras butifuley erecuted. I think it the finest peas of workmanship that
 I ever saw and I count my self no fool of a judge in v uing the works

of nature and man. I scars no which to give the greatest prais to
the work of man we can look on and see hough it is dun. The work of
nature is hid from our vew, thare fore we are not able to judge of her
workes as that of man. Tharefore we are led to believe that it is
caused by the all wise being, which begens and finishes his work
in seeknit (seekrit). Nor requires not a prence nor the handey work of
man to help him out with it. This I lwave for your better judmentes
prehapes that you will think my obersivations quite ? but when those
ies of thine have sean what I have sean with mine, your oberswations
wood conbind with mine, then you wood desern this world in another
lite. You sopose that you have sean as mutch with thoes deprived
ies of thine as I have sean with mine but let me tell you that you are
mistooked all though myne have sunk so far in my head but thay are
still able to decern diffrent thinges then thine when I stand and cast
my frale ies around and behold the diffrent multitudes of people that
I behold and when I turn and behold your shores that is deprived of
thus multitudes of differents sex what can I say besides when you meatt
a person you know him and pas the time of day with him, but was I to
due that I shood want ten thousen of tungen and more wisdom then
Solomon was indowd with. This Subjeck will be to long for me to persue.
Tharefore I will chose it in season for fear of afending the reador, and
then he will suppose that he noes as mutch as the ritor. Tharefore I
will not deprive him of his thotes and he may maintain hin own opinion
and think himself as wise as the reat of his frendes and justified in
so duing for amunes vigea often deprives him of maney thinges that he
mite know, but in sum saies ambition is of the greatest use to som,
and without it som wood be deprived of even insensibillitey, and linger
thair time in indolence. To make short of the storey I will quit the
hole subjeck and leave you to judge for your selves, and I will begin

Indolence

a subijick concerning the begining of the world. You will sears credit but let me tell you that it through as I am to the hole afair so dough not dispute the subjick that I am about to rite concerning every King or batfill that has bin fought sens for thousen and fore years before the birth of Crist and ~~was~~ everey mericall that took plais before Crists time and even after up to this date.

I left Berlin on the 9th January 1825, for potiton stopt thare
9 weakes and then to Dredon in Saxton. Potiton is a town contaning
twentey thousen of inhabitentes. Butiffulley situated by a fine
stream of watter that runes to Hamburg distans 200 english miles.
Dredon is the capitall of Saxon and the residens of the King Fredrick
Ogust. Dredon contanies 4000 inhabitents this town is the finest in
this cuntrey. Of its buildings the publick buildinges is most
magnifisent, Hear is one of the finest musems in the world, thair
is more then seven million worth of dollers in dimons in the museum.
The glittring of them will allmost take away your Isite. On the
24th of March 1825 I was presented with a butifull snuff box of gold
value 300 dollars from the King of Saxeon. In this kind offer the
King did not ofend me. I exeibicted on the watter in the great

Prague
gardin whare I took \$ 226 dollars in the first day. The seckent day
200 the third day 150, the fourth 36 dollars, and finished with
this town. From this to ___ in Osten cuntrey whare I past through
sevrill small towns of little note. The most remarkable wone was
the noted town cald Tablites which is so remarkable for its watters
as thay are minrill watters and dur cure most all diseases (deseses).

lc.
This Plase is remarkible for quallitey in the sumer season. From
Dresdon is Saxon to Tabitets distant 30 mildes the Kinges of diferents
cuntries resort to this plais in the sumer season. The watter that
runs out of the mountains is hot so that you may boill ages in
them. Round this cuntrey is mountanious and helthey. Distans from
Dresdon to Prag is about one hundred english miles, but the cuntrey
is most butifull. Prag is a fine town contaning one hundred thousen
of inhabitenstes. The town lies in a hollow and from the outside of
it you have a fâir prospeck of the town. This town is wald in with
a wall about 30 feete high and 50 feete wide. The riveer elb runes
through this as in Drasdon which

emptys it self at Hamberon. Prag is an old anchent town the brig is about 400 hundred feete long with Christ represented on the cross as large as life made with bras, allso the twelve aposills carved in stone as large as life, Allso Danill cast in the lions den. But the greatest curisitey is that of the king of that plase had one of his priests throd of the brig about 500 years agoe.

wood not to the king what his wife had told him but the refused to inform him of mother tharefore he was hove off this bridge and after thaken up and burned After that taken up and deposited in the church whare his body now lies. Everey hundred years the volt is opened whare his body lies and his tung is as good as ever and as fresh. The people from all partes of the kingodm comes to behold the workes of god. The plase whare he lies opned everey fifteen years in order that the publick can see his fresh tung for thay are fond of tungs. The prestens takes out of a calf or sheap oneo of thair tungen and plases it in the jois of that poor shelington so to make the publick believe that god had ordaind this mericle as a prooff of the Ritechney of this cathlicks prest on. This poor devill was drouded about five hundred years a goe and to sopose that his tung can never decay whatt a mericele.

The egrent cathlickes com the distans of tow hundred and eightey inglish mildes, the presters colect(collect)his congeraration to gether and march them along through the high way singing sames(psalms) and having and caging the hole of the way and when thay arive thare thay all lie on the bridge and in the streates the spais of one weak and return home again to compleat this. This exbertion it thakem them the space of forty dayes. This prasing setts is the loer order of people that nos no beter. I was in Prog about this time and

saw all of the fun. There was so many people that the paleas gives orders that no carige shood run for fear of killing som of this sett. Some of them with red stockins and cotes com down to their neas and som with no stockens at all.

I stopd in this town 5 weakes and I embarked for Vean in Astridge. Prog is in Brinish, the tung spoken thare differs form all others on the continent. I arived in Vean on the fifth of June 1825 and opned my exerbiting on the 19th of June in the capotle town. This citey containes three hundred thousen of inhabitentes. This cittey is the resedens of the emper of Ostney (Austria), allso the sun of boney as the emper is his grand father. This is one of the finest townes on the continant except Paris. This cittey is formed by four towns giving to the main sittey. The cittey itself is small. The distans from Prag to Wean is 120 mildes. The road good. I past through sevrill more small townes. From Vean I went to Presburg distans 30 mildes. Thair I lost one of my horses crossing the river done. The hors cost me 150 and then I sold the other and bott 2 more for \$300 large and stout from poland. I allso went form Vean to Cathen one of the furst wattering plases in this kingdom. The water is sulpheric watters. When bathing in them and drinking of the same it is helthey. People form all parts of the kingdom flock hear for the watter. The plais is butifull and I returned to Vean again. The garden round Vean of the empers is most butifull shone brown. Whare the empers palis is splended he has allso a menageney thair and plentey of fish in the pond of watter in the gardin. He ~~has~~ allso an other palis in Saxingburg and a long garden whate he resides in the sumer about 10 mildes from Vean. He has ~~two~~ palises in Vean most butifull. I left Vean on the 24 of September for Mintchin in Boin the residens of the king of boin.

This cittey is 250 inglish mildes fore Vean on my way I past
through maney other towns of little note. The rode good on my
passage of Doyer. The cuntrey betwen Vean and Mintchen is butifull.
Too doyer crossing large hills of the most fertille nature. Wine
mountains the wine lookes most butifull when growing on the vines.
The rode runes the rest of the way betwene two mountans the land
betwene levill. The land round Mintchen is open plain the ~~king~~ king
of Mintchin has a pallis about 15 mildes form Mintchen in which he
resides in the summer and a nother about 4 mildes in which thare is
fowles from all parts of the world. The largest is the ostrige,
standes 5 feat high from the feat to the top of the head is 8 feat.
The feathers is the finest in the world for lades for thair hates.
The coular of the bird is black except som part of the wings which
is white and waies about 250 poundes.
Mintchin is a sittey contaning about 40 thousen of inhabitentes.
The houses is fine and large. The streates is broad and well paved.
The side walkes is paved with the finest stone and of diffrednt
collers of stones and the streates is keap remarkable clean. The
cittiey hais allso a fine wall round it and a ditch. The finest
garden and largest is the inglish gardin which is five mildes round
the same in which all sortes of plantes are found growing. In the
senter of the garden thair is a fine pond of small lake. Round the
garden is a fine ditch which incloses the same. Thare is maney
inletts letting in two the same. Plais of perade is at the entrens
of the ardin whare 10 thousand men can stand. The pallis of the king
is near to the same. The pallis itself is not so butifull as his
pallis is for his summer residens. The ground theater is in one
part of the pallis. This theater is suposed to be the finest in the
world. It has 6 tears of boxes all gilted from top to bottom .

The boxis whare the king sittes and royall famley is broided with with gold. The seneries in the inside is butifulley painted. The pillars of the building is polished stone allso the stepes that leades into the same. The 28th September 1825 I was att the play when the royal famley entered the threator. The house was crouded to

as the king and royallfamalely made thair aperans the publick with one voais cried out long live thair noble king. When the king made 3 noble bous to the oudens then the musick struck up god save the king. The intertainment was fine on thatt evning in conuquen of the king visiting the thrator. The king apend to be mutch pleased, loud clapes of aplaid was ~~head~~ during the evening, The spectators w was about two thousen persons. All seamd to be mutch pleased during the evening. Allso on the 31th of Septembe I exhabited for his magestey at his pallis in Mphing Burg with the ingin on the watter in his Gardin when the Quean of Swedland was thair and the Royall f famley of the King. Thay semed to be mutch plesed to see the maney menuviers on the watter with the Exquimau. The gardins is splendid. Thair is 2 fountans as large round as my body and desendes 50 feat in the air. There are the gratest founty fountains in the world. On the 2 of October I went to the Kaiser whar the king and Royall famley was. The number of horses that run was 44 thar being 3 inglish horses that outt run ~~the~~ others. One third the number of spectators was about 500,000. This rayses holdes about one weak and shuting. Allso all the fattest cattle and hogs and horses was thair, and the king went round and vied them all. The finest and stoutest of itt's age the oners drue a fine present from the king. In order to incurage On the 4th of October 1825 I preformed for the Rushish Imbasendor in the Inglish gardens of the king in Muntchin.

On the 7 of October the king and royall famley visited my exhibition in the black egle(eagle) when the king said thatt he never saw sutch an exhibition in this town before. Allso the quean of Swedland Sweden was in kumponey with them the kinges wife and the kinges wife of Swedland. One sister also, the Kings wife in Saxon is siter to the kinges wife in Bion. The Crown prins in prushia mared(married) one of the kinges dortors of Dion. On the 7 of October I shott(shut) my *** exhibition in Mentchin and ast the quean for Promition to preform in her gardin at his summer palis in the inglish gardin which she redley offerd for that purpus , as all other kinges had dun the same. On Sunday the 9th October 1825 I went to the queans pallis and through the same whare I saw all hur firnitue thatt was butifull the chares was all inlaid with silver and gold. Also the beadstides and tables the same. The roomes and firnitue was butifull and in the most neatest order in the monagerey of fowles was verrey fine. The hott house containd maney costley flowers from feron foreign countrey pertickley from america. The fish pond was verrey fine. They fead them with bread. You aproach the pond thay run to you s suposing that you entend to fead them. In the great pond is full of swan and wild duckes from all partes of the world.

On Munday 10th October 1825, I proformed with the Indians on the watter in front of the queans pallis, when the spectators amounted to about 600. Eatch paid 12 britien a person. All seemed to be mutch pleased. The Indian turned himself bottom up sevrill times in his canue and with his dartes dispatching sevrill geas. During the time a meloncholy occurred for the citisons of Mintchen. On the 12th nite of October the RReitakin inbasendor(Russion)(ambassador) had a greatt ball whare the king Joseph Macks million (Maximellion) of this cittey was invited on acount of the minister leving

in
Annexary

this country for Rutchey(Russia). After the king returnd home to L
Luxingburg to his pallis and went to bead he rung the ball(bell) for
the servent. When the servent entered the room he discovered that
one side of his magestes(magesties) face was black. He run down to
give the alarm to the kings wife. On thair return thay found him dead
xc The Plais(place) next morning opened like another town. The king
was greatly beloved by his subjects. Thatt day on which he died
was the day on which he received the naim(name) of Joseph Mackmillion.
The town all went to church to pray for him that he mitte live lang,
the milliterey allso. The number was about 5000 all marched to the
church and on thatt night he died att 4 oclock in the morning.
October The 12th 1825 I left the town for Stuckatt(Stuttgart) in
witingburg(wurtimburg). On my jurney I brock the axel of my cotch
in the evning about 8 oclock 2 mildes of Oxburg. The next day I
went in to the gallrey painting of the king. These paintinges
is considered to be the finest in the world. The number of pictors
amountes to 5000 som 20 feat high and 25 Brod . These peases have
been painted upender(upwards) of 1500 years. Some of them painted
by the first painter in the land. The names of the some Goddfred and
sniderCanledonche, Madom Gollmine Landloph Qiendelph Miens Cniers
Suidorn and Rubins of lions Lenhant Vinihies Momiocks Vandicks.
Oxford(Augsburg) is a fine town contaning a bout 25000 inhabitants.
This town about 100 years agoe was of great repute. The buildings
is fine and the streates broad and clean. I left this town on the
116 th of October for Stuckat(Stuttgart). Arived on the 18. The
ciuntrey round is fine the cittey lies in a hollor(hollow) and
surounded by butifull hills covered with wine grapes of the
furst quallitey. On the 24 I went before the king in his pallis.

The king is about 32 years of age the queen is about 25. This is the third wife thatt the king has head (had) in Stutgart (Stuttgart).

I head (had) the reduting sooloon (recuting) hall of the kinges of witingburg. This town containes about 300000 of Inhabitents. The bildinges is fine and streates broad. (a page is gone cut out of the journal next we find Sam In France)

Strasburg is the dividing line between Dutchland and Frans (France).

It lies on frans side and guverned by the french. On the Dutch side is the town of Keal and the river of Rine (Rhine) betwene.

Acrost the brige it is suported by boates distans $\frac{1}{4}$ inglish mild.

In this cittey thare are 14 churches 6 of which are cathlick and the rest Lutenish (Lutheran). The largest is Cathlicks. This church

has the hiest steple of aney in the world. It is 490 feat high and the workmanship butifull. This sittey has a wall round the same, and a ditch of 40 feat brod sorounded with watter. Boney fort a heavey battle hear. In time of his life he burnt the town of

Kale by hott shot and took the same. This town ondley (only) contains 5000 of inhabitentes. On the road from Stuckatt to Strasburg I past through maney fine towns Penticklen the famous town of Canbrough governed by the duke of Bathen. This cuntrey is firtile and productive and free from aney king. Allso the famous town of Frاندfort on-the-main is free allso like the town of Hamburg. Those towns are nott in imbarist (embarassed) with taxes like those thatt are governed by kinges.

Swithland is a mountaines countrey and helthey. Maney fine vues and prospects of hills and valies thatt people from most all cuntres resort to. This cuntrey in the sumer for thair helths. The language spoken there differs from all partes of the continent. The people are complesant and galant and treat all clases with respect.

They are verrey ritch in ginerall. The towns are small butt fine houses wall built and clean(another Page gone) This was dun the nite Before I saw him when he came to himself he spened to be sory for the ofenc and a crime thatt he haid comitted. ~~there~~. Mad people som times are as sensible as aney people in the world att times and at other on dares one half so bad as them.

The furst of Desember this is the last day of my excibition in this town. I close to night and leave after to~~m~~orrow for Paris Distantes 220 mildes which will take me 7 dayes journey. My museum goes in the coack von (van) and costes me 2 dollars per hundred wate, and I goe in my one catch (coach) and horses. On the 3 of Desember I left Strasburg for Paris 9 days journey. On my journey I past through maney small towns severill of the ware (were) wald in. The wallas of them were strong. The town of Lansee is a fine town contaning about fiftey thousen inhabitins this town lies betwen Strasburg and Paris. I past through a small town whare thare was a young ladey of 22 y years of age. This girl god has rote a work apon. One wood suppose thatt the histirey as told about ~~him~~ ^{her} was fables, butt itt is nott soo. This girl when 3 or 4 years of age they could nott keap hir outt of the church. She was given to praying (preing) continley. At the age of 20 years she sweat blood. At the owen (hour) of seven in the afternoon and allso have the Markes of our savior in hur side and in hur feat, She has now kep her bed for the last year and has not eat nor drink for the last 9 montes past nor has hur lining bin shifted sens. Itt is white and clean as though itt haid bin putt on today when she binges to sweatt blud she apears in the greatest agonie. Thousen of people come to visitt hur and give hur money, but she will nott receave aney of itt. This historey I belev to be fals tell I came through this town and ~~the~~ hole of the

publick declard thatt itt was thought thare is not the least
dout about it. It is known none in all cuntres to be a fack(fact),
thousens of people from most partes of this kingdom has cum to
this plase.to see the same. She is constentley a praing and tlaking
about Haven heaven and the next world. Shee has bin put in the
jaill to see iff itt was nott fals about hur eating, but thay found
itt through, and quitted hur. The name of the town thatt she lives
in is caled Farborn. This town contains five thousen of inhabitentes.
I then persuid my voige for Paris. On my way one of my horses got
sick and I was obliged to leave him behind and take post horses 50
mildes from Paris. Arived that day I stopt in this cittey one weak
and took the large room in groce Snea no. 4 (?) I gave 600 frandes
per munth. This is near the noted Plais cold Falleroyall which is
none known to most all partes of the world for itt beauty and
splender. Sutch another plais is not to be found in the hole world
as Fallenalle. I head(had)not bin in Paris butt 4 dayes when
thare was a horid murder comited in this plais. 2 Perosns at 7 oclock
went in Fallecill to chaing munney as thay sead(said). The changer
ask how mutch thay wood chaing. Thay sead about 500 frankes. The
changer gott his muney readey on the counter. Thay instentley drue
outt nives(knives)and stabid him. He fell down they took about 50,000
frankes and run off with the same. The plais was investigated shut
up butt thay cood nott be found. The shopp keper died in 3 dayes
after. This cittey has maney fine buildins. The exchange is a
fine building none in the world to equall the same. The finest
streat is the coal workes whare the people can hardly pass by
crowds that daily pass that way. The next is the streat Somontong
which is the broadest and not so many passing.

The Kinges pallis is as splended a building and very large and serpasses the pallis in Jermaney for art grander and buttey. This cittey is the most disopated of aney in the world.

Jenuarey 25, 1825 Dear father and mother I have just received your kind letters which has bin rote for 2 years and thay have gone through all germeney before thay reatch me after pasing ingland.

March 16, 1826 Paris

My wife gott to bead with a fine Dortor at 10 oclock in the evening in the streat Rue De Croson Hotell No. 12 near the streat Cleney (Cluney) and was marid on sunsay the 20 of march in P~~ru~~chey one year sens. I shoot up my excibition on the 20 march and sold the same up to rxeion and it did not sell for aney thing so I kept itt myself after having 4000 dollars with the same travling from stuckatt to this cittey and the Indian ding (dying) in Strasburg. Now this endes my exhibiting Indians.